Pre Quiz Questions

Colonization of New France in the early 17th century

Use your notes and the textbook in class to help find the answers for these questions. Your Quiz will be similar to these questions.

1. What was the economic theory practiced by France in the 17th century?
   1. Mercantilism
2. Explain how mercantilism works.
   1. Increase exports, decrease imports, increase the amount of gold/silver
3. What role did the colonies play in mercantilism?
   1. Supply raw materials/natural resources, second market for manufactures goods
4. Describe how mercantilism works using the example of fur trade.
   1. New France supplies furs, France produces felt hats, France sells hats for gold
5. What was the purpose of a trading post?
   1. Collect/exploit raw materials to bring back to mother country
6. Name one place that was an example of a trading post?
   1. Tadoussac
7. Describe an important geographical feature of where trading posts were located.
   1. Where two rivers meet
8. What was the purpose of a settlement colony?
   1. Better control territory, control fur trade, grow population
9. How was a trading post and settlement colony different?
   1. Trading post = raw materials, settlement = population, trading= seasonal, settlement=permanent
10. Why would the King of France prefer to have settlement colonies?
    1. There would be a bigger population = more profitable
11. What economic incentive did the King offer merchants to establish settlement colonies?
    1. Monopoly over the fur trade
12. Who was the founder of the first settlement at Quebec in 1608?
    1. Champlain
13. What were the three reasons for the chosen location of Quebec?
    1. Narrowness of river, Native Allies, Saint Charles river nearby
14. What two reasons did the French have for establishing stronger relations with the Native peoples?
    1. Natives collect fur for French, Evangelization
15. Explain how Native peoples played an important role in the fur trade.
    1. Hunting and collecting furs
16. Name the four specific Native groups that the French created alliances with.
    1. Innu, Algonquin, Malisset, Huron-Wendat Confederacy
17. What two benefits did Native peoples get out of having an alliance with the French?
    1. Access to European goods, powerful military ally/protection
18. How did alliances with the French create tension between Native groups?
    1. There was competition for valuable European goods
19. What was the dominant form of Christianity in French society in the 17th century?
    1. Catholicism
20. What does evangelization mean?
    1. Convert people to your religion
21. Why did the French want to convert the Native peoples?
    1. Part of their beliefs that all people should follow Catholicism
22. What is a missionary?
    1. A priest sent to convert non-believers
23. What is a mission?
    1. A religious settlement that encourages Native peoples to convert to Catholicism
24. Name one group of missionaries in New France in the 17th century.
    1. Jesuits and Recollets
25. How is the French way of life different from the Native peoples that they interacted with?
    1. Spiritual beliefs, nomadic/sedentary, taking what you need vs. profit